



# The psychological impact of receiving findings other than trisomy 21, 18 and 13 with Non-Invasive Prenatal Testing (NIPT)

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### Introduction

In the Netherlands, **NIPT** is offered to all pregnant women as a **first trimester prenatal screening test** within the TRIDENT-2 study (nationwide uptake n = 73,239; 42%).\*

Findings other than trisomy 21, 18 or 13 (incidental findings (IF)) are reported on request of the pregnant woman.

→ 78% of women chose to have these reported.\*

We **examined** women's **experiences** using a cross-sectional **questionnaire** study.

\* Van der Meij et al. AJHG, 2019



Aim: to examine women's experiences with, and the psychological impact of, receiving a finding other than trisomy 21, 18 or 13 from NIPT.

### **Methods**

The first year, **207** incidental findings were detected.

113 women (54.6%) completed the questionnaire.

The questionnaire was developed by a **multidisciplinary** team.

The questionnaire included measures on psychological well-being, intolerance of uncertainty, health literacy, demographics and specific questions aimed to assess experiences and satisfaction with testing and follow-up.



### Results – part I

For 22 women the IF NIPT result impacted the health of their unborn child. In 51 cases, the finding was confined to the placenta. For 19 women the result regarded their own health.

Most children were born

without congenital

anomalies.

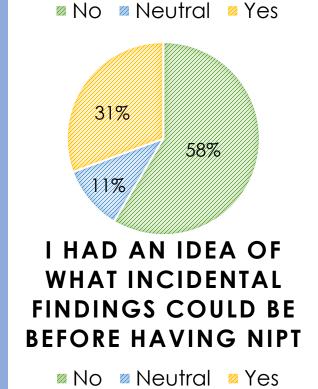
Most women (59.3%) chose to learn about **IF** because they wanted to **know as much as possible** about the health of their unborn child.

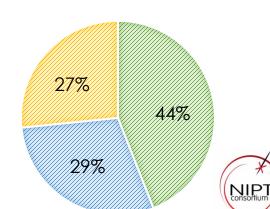
For most women (85.9%) their IF NIPT result caused them a great amount of worry, and 58.4% said the IF NIPT result had a negative impact on their feelings about their pregnancy.



Most women did not know what kind of findings to expect beforehand. Most of them were very shocked and worried upon receiving their IF NIPT result.

### I FOUND DECIDING FOR INCIDENTAL FINDINGS DIFFICULT





### Results – part II

Almost all women (98.2%) received genetic counselling by a clinical geneticist. For 82.3% of them this helped them in understanding the meaning of their IF NIPT result.

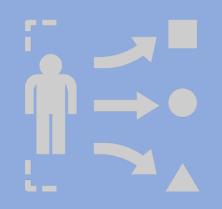
16% of the women received support from a psychologist /medical social worker regarding their IF NIPT result.

→ Of those who did not

Of those who did not,
 20% indicated they
 would have wanted
 psychological support.

Twenty women (18%) regret choosing for incidental findings from NIPT.

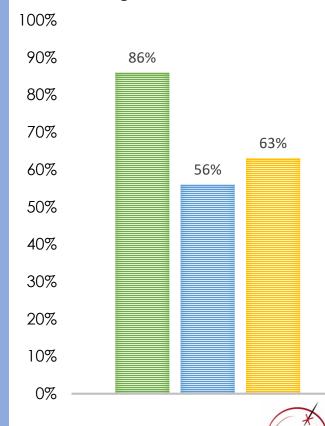
Most women (63%) believe that all IF NIPT results should be disclosed.



Most women would opt for NIPT with incidental findings again in a future pregnancy. This is, however, dependent on the origin of their IF NIPT result.

## WOULD OPT FOR NIPT WITH INCIDENTAL FINDINGS (IF) AGAIN

- Origin of IF in child
- Origin of IF in placenta
- Origin of IF in mother



### **Discussion**

NIPT is being offered in a scientific study in the Netherlands until 2023, after that the government has to decide how NIPT will be offered.

→ Knowing **how** pregnant women **deal** with receiving (incidental) findings is **important**.

Inclusion of the **second year** of the study has been **completed**.

A **limitation** of this study is that we have not **compared** the impact of receiving a **trisomy 21, 18 or 13 finding** with receiving other findings. Therefore, it is **unknown** whether the psychological impact **differs**.



Receiving adequate and timely care is of utmost importance in this stressful and uncertain period for women during their pregnancy.

### Summary

This study is a **first insight** in how women **deal** with receiving **other findings** than trisomy 21, 18 or 13 from **NIPT**.

Most women chose for other findings because they wanted to **know as much as possible** about the health of their unborn child.

**Receiving** other findings caused a great amount of **worry** for women.

Most women would **opt** for NIPT with other findings **again**, this is however **dependent** on the **origin** of their IF NIPT **result**.

